

## **Microgramma vacciniifolia: PURIFICATION AND PARTIAL CHARACTERIZATION OF RHIZOME LECTIN**

<sup>1</sup>Santana, G. M. S.; <sup>1</sup>Coelho, L. C. B. B.; <sup>1</sup>Paiva, P. M. G.

<sup>1</sup>Depto. de Bioquímica, CCB, UFPE, PE

Lectins are carbohydrate binding proteins or glycoproteins from non immune origin; reversible and specific sugar recognition promote cellular agglutination. The aim of this work was the purification and partial characterization of *Microgramma vacciniifolia* rhizome lectin (MvRL). Proteins from dry rhizome (5 g) were extracted with 0.15 M NaCl and fractionated with 60% or 80% ammonium sulphate saturation. Extract, 0-60% (RF0-60%) and 0-80% (RF0-80%) fractions were evaluated by hemagglutinating activity (HA), protein concentration and polyacrylamide gel (10%) electrophoresis (PAGE) on native or denaturing conditions. HA of RF0-60% was also evaluated after treatment with EDTA. RF0-60% was chromatographed on Sephacryl S-300 column. Extracted proteins (78 mg) were salt precipitated and a higher purification factor was detected with RF0-60%, mainly active with human type A erythrocytes. HA was partially inhibited by glycoproteins and carbohydrates; activity was  $\text{Ca}^{+2}$  dependent, resistant to heating and detected in acidic pH values. PAGE revealed that RF0-60% contained one acidic protein. Gel filtration chromatography resolved RF0-60% as an unique protein peak with molecular mass 100 kDa. Ion addition promoted recovery of abolished MvRL activity. PAGE and gel filtration chromatography revealed that MvRL has high molecular mass.

**Supported by:** FACEPE, CNPq.

**Key words:** lectin, *Microgramma vacciniifolia*, rhizome.